

Part 16: UNITS OF RADIOACTIVITY AND RADIATION DOSE

1. Which of the following is/are equivalent to 1 mCi?

- a. 3.7×10^7 Bq
- b. 3.7×10^7 dis/sec
- c. 3.7×10^7 dis/min
- d. a and b only
- e. a and c only

2. Detector efficiency is defined as

- a. $\frac{\text{count rate}}{\text{disintegration rate}} \times 100\%$
- b. $\frac{\text{disintegration rate}}{\text{count rate}} \times 100\%$
- c. $\frac{\text{disintegration rate} \times \text{count rate}}{100\%}$
- d. none of the above

4. A ^{57}Co standard has a disintegration rate of 3.7×10^7 Bq. What is disintegration rate in disintegrations/sec?

- a. 3.7×10^4
- b. 3.7×10^7
- c. 3.7×10^{10}
- d. 3.7×10^{13}

4. A sample measures 100 mCi in a dose calibrator. How many GBq does this activity represent?

- a. 0.37
- b. 3.7
- c. 37.0
- d. 370

1. Which of the following relationships is/are correct? (Read all choices!)

- a. 1 Rem = 100 Sv
- b. 1 Sv = 100 Rems
- c. 1 Rad = 100 Gy
- d. 1 Gy = 100 Rads
- e. a and c only
- f. b and d only

6. Which ONE of the following statements is TRUE?

- a. There are 100 MBq in a TBq
- b. There are 10 TBq in a GBq
- c. A Bq is 1/1000 the activity of a MBq
- d. There are 1,000,000 MBq in a TBq

7. If a detector is 50% efficient, how many counts/sec should be detected for a 10 mCi standard?

- a. 3.7×10^7
- b. 3.7×10^8
- c. 1.85×10^7
- d. 1.85×10^8

8. Which of the following units does NOT represent an example of specific activity?

- a. mCi/mg
- b. kCi/ μ mole
- c. cpm/mmole
- d. dps/g
- e. c and d only

9. The Quality Factors for gamma rays, neutrons, and alpha particles, respectively are

- a. 1, 2, 3
- b. 1, 2, 5
- c. 1, 5, 10
- d. 1, 5, 20

10. Occupationally exposed individuals have an annual MPD to the lens of the eyes of 15 Rem. What is this absorbed dose in mSv?

- a. 1.5
- b. 15
- c. 150
- d. 1500