

Part 12: COMPUTERS IN NUCLEAR MEDICINE

By James R. Halama, Ph.D.
Loyola University Medical Center
Maywood, IL

1. The number of bits in a kilobyte is

- a) 256
- b) 1000
- c) 2200
- d) 8000
- e) 8192

2. The decimal equivalent of the binary number 01101 is

- a) 5
- b) 7
- c) 13
- d) 65
- e) 1101

3. The binary equivalent of the decimal number 21 is

- a) 001101
- b) 100111
- c) 010101
- d) 011101
- e) 110101

4. An X-ray film digitizer produces 2048 x 2048 x 8 bit digital images. The number of gray levels captured by the digitizer is

- a) 8
- b) 256
- c) 4194304
- d) 33554432
- e) insufficient information given

5. A 512 x 512 CT image that uses Hounsfield units for tissue density that range from -1000 to +1000 requires at the minimum _____ bits of memory for each pixel.

- a) 11
- b) 16
- c) 2001
- d) 262144
- e) insufficient information given

6. **Correct answer: c) solid-state.** Solid-state memory is constructed of high speed transistors

fabricated onto silicon microchips. Memory type ordered from the fastest to the slowest is as follows: solid-state, magnetic disk, magneto-optical disk, CD-ROM, and magnetic tape.

7. A computer that uses RISC architecture, has

- a) a reduced instruction set optimized for execution speed.
- b) programs of reduced size optimized for efficient memory usage.
- c) arrays of redundant inexpensive microprocessors to enhance execution speed.
- d) reduced size, inexpensive, high-speed components.

8. The main memory of a general purpose computer system consists of

- a) magnetic disks.
- b) solid-state memory.
- c) CD-ROM disks.
- d) magneto-optical disks.
- e) magnetic tapes.

9. Images from a gamma camera whose useful field-of-view is 380 mm in diameter are digitized to 128 x 128 matrices. The pixel cross-sectional area is ____ mm².

- a) 0.023
- b) 0.11
- c) .34
- d) 9
- e) 36

10. The image resolution in an X-ray CT image is found to be 0.625 line pairs per mm. What is the upper limit of the pixel width in this image?

- a) 0.318 mm
- b) 0.625 mm
- c) 0.800 mm
- d) 1.250 mm
- e) 1.600 mm

11. Digital images are archived in a compressed format. Mark true or false before each of the following statements.

- ___ a) In "lossy" image compression, the original image cannot be exactly restored during decompression.
- ___ b) Image compression by the JPEG algorithm can reduce the storage space by a factor of 100 or more.
- ___ c) "Lossless" data compression algorithms can achieve data compression by a factor of 100 or more.
- ___ d) JPEG compressed images should not be used for archival of raw image files that may be used at a later time for image reprocessing.

12. A CT image that is 512 x 512 x 2 bytes is to be transferred to a home computer over a telephone line in which 28,800 baud modems are used. The time required for transmission of this image is approximately

- a) 3 sec.
- b) 20 sec.
- c) 150 sec.
- d) 1820 sec.
- e) 2.3 hr.

13. A CT image series of 26 image slices (512 x 512 x 16 bits) requires _____ megabytes of disk storage.

- a) 0.8
- b) 13
- c) 26
- d) 112
- e) 512

14. An 8x10 inch film from a mammography unit that exhibits 12 line pairs per mm resolution is to be digitized. To preserve the film resolution, what minimal square matrix of pixels is required?

- a) 1524
- b) 1920
- c) 3048
- d) 4876
- e) 6096

15. A computer monitor with a 24-bit color display card can display ____ shades of gray.

- a) 24
- b) 256
- c) 768
- d) 4096
- e) 16777216

16. Mark true or false before each of the following statements regarding computer software.

- ___ a) Assembly language programs are easily transported across multiple computer platforms.
- ___ b) FORTRAN is a programming language that is designed to be transportable across multiple computer platforms.
- ___ c) MS-DOS is an example of a multi-user operating system.
- ___ d) ASCII is the standard code for translation of printable characters.
- ___ e) A compiler is a program used to convert high level program code to executable binary code.

17. Mark true or false before each of the following statements regarding computer memory.

- a) Random access memory retains its contents when pulled from the computer.
- b) Random access memory can be configured to be read-only memory.
- c) Solid-state memory is most likely to be used for data archival.
- d) Optical disk systems are always ROM.

18. The maximum possible pixel count value in gamma camera byte images is

- a) 127
- b) 255
- c) 256
- d) 1023
- e) 65535

19. Identify the correct sequence of computer network protocols in increasing speed of data transfer.

- a) Modem, ISDN, ATM, Ethernet, FDDI
- b) Modem, ATM, ISDN, Ethernet, FDDI
- c) ISDN, Modem, Ethernet, FDDI, ATM
- d) Modem, ISDN, Ethernet, FDDI, ATM
- e) Modem, Ethernet, FDDI, ISDN, ATM

20. An array processor in a computer system

- a) performs multiple numerical computations in parallel.
- b) consists of an array of multiple microprocessors that increases the overall speed of a computer system.
- c) manages the data storage in a large array of magnetic disks.
- d) manages multiple network links in an array of computers on a local area network.